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Attorney Docket No. SABI-027/01US (M4-US1)**PATENT**

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By: Teresa Kizer**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In Re Application of:)	Examiner: Teresa D. Wessendorf
Wang et al.)	Group Art Unit: 1639
For: DIMERIZING PEPTIDES)	Confirmation No.: 6438
Serial No.: 09/636,243)	
Filed: August 10, 2000)	
Atty. Docket No.: SABI-027/01US (8325-1004))	

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TRANSMITTAL OF RESPONSE

Enclosed are the following documents in response to the Final Office Action mailed April 8, 2003 for the above-identified application:

- Amendment/Response
 Return receipt postcard

No fee is believed to be due. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any appropriate fees under 37 C.F.R. §§1.16, 1.17, and 1.21 that may be required by this paper, and to credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 03-3117.

Respectfully submitted,
COOLEY GODWARD LLP

Dated: May 7, 2003

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Diane Kizer

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JULY 8
5-2003

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Sir:

This communication is filed in response to the Final Office Action dated April 8, 2003. Because this response is submitted within 2 months of the date of mailing, namely by June 8, 2003, expedited procedure after final is requested.

I. AMENDMENTS

In the specification:

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 13, line 22 as follows:

-- Different zinc finger proteins can be used preassociated or can be used separately in which case they associated in situ. Often zinc finger proteins linked to dimerizing peptides of the invention remain dissociated in solution, and dimerized only on binding to DNA. Such is advantageous in promoting dimerization between two different zinc finger proteins linked to the dimerizing peptides relative to homodimerization of the two copies of the same zinc finger protein. For example, if a target sequence contains adjacent sites for two different zinc finger proteins, both zinc finger proteins can bind simultaneously to the target sequence, and then dimerize with each other mediated by the linked dimerizing peptide. By contrast, two copies of the same zinc finger cannot usually bind adjacent to each other on the same target sequence (unless by coincidence the target contains an inverted repeat of the target site for that zinc finger). Accordingly, multiple copies of the same zinc finger do not typically homodimerize with each other unless the target is designed or selected specifically so that such dimerization should occur. For *in vivo* applications, zinc finger proteins and linked dimerizing peptides are typically administered indirectly by contacting cells or organisms with an expression vector encoding one or more zinc finger proteins and linked dimerizing peptides. The expression vector is introduced into the cell and expresses the one or more zinc finger proteins and linked dimerizing peptides within the cell. For *in vitro* applications, such as diagnostics, associated zinc finger proteins are typically used directly in the protein form. In both *in vivo* and *in vitro* applications, use of nonnaturally occurring peptides to mediate dimerization offers the advantage relative to natural dimerizing peptides, such as fos and jun, in that nonnatural peptides are unlikely to crossreact with natural proteins within a cell.--